

How Do We Want to Develop Software?



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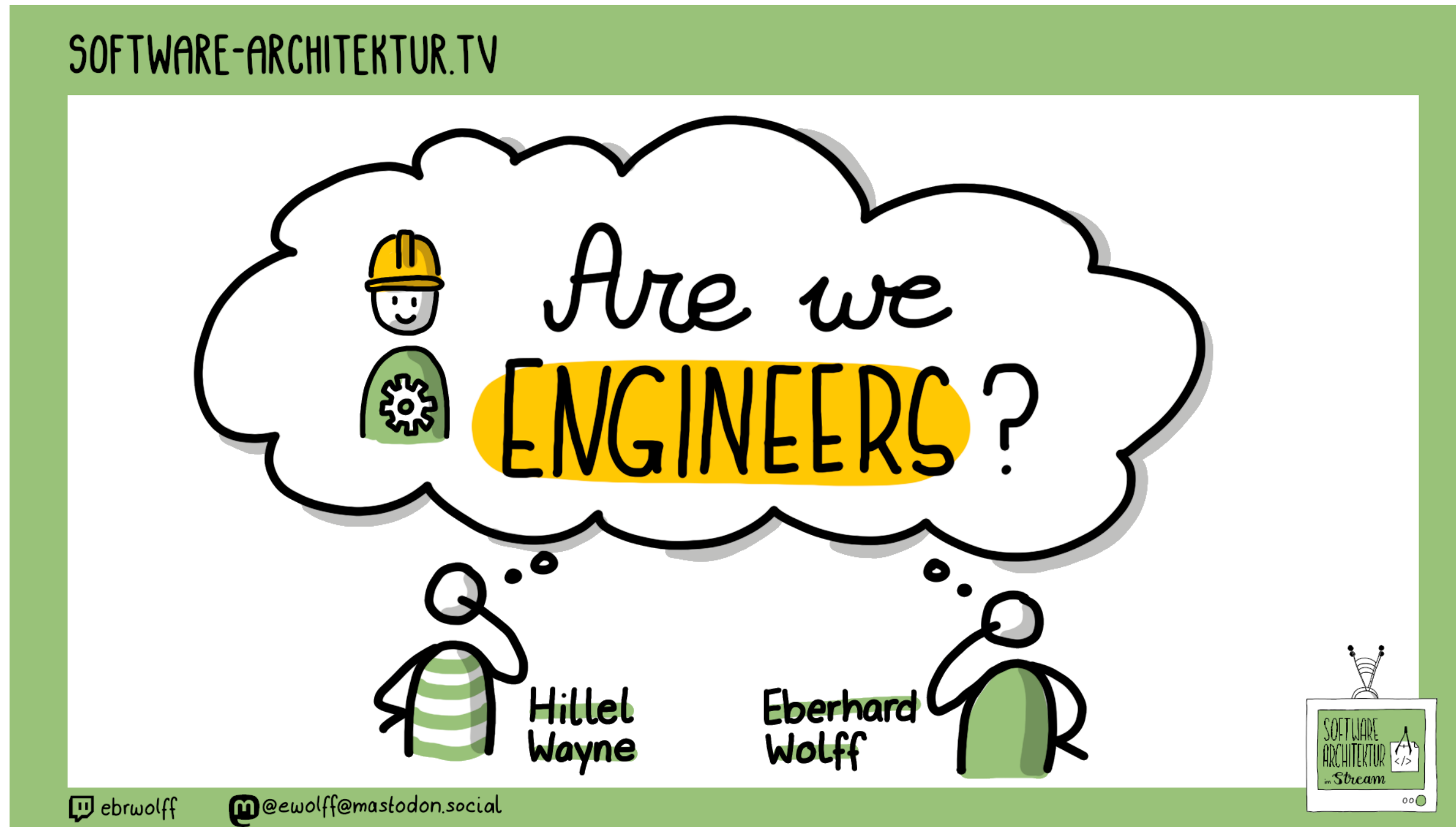
<https://swaglab.rocks/>

<https://ewolff.com/>

How Do We Want to Develop Software?

- How would we like to work?
- When are we comfortable?
- Some food for thought

Our Community: Unlike Any Engineering Community!



<https://software-architektur.tv/2024/03/27/folge209.html>

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**Would you rather work in an
environment with
Continuous Delivery?**

**Do you think Continuous
Delivery reduces burnout?**

**Do you think Continuous Delivery
means more time for new work?**

**Continuously delivering new features
sound like a lot of pressure?**

#SoftwareArchitektur



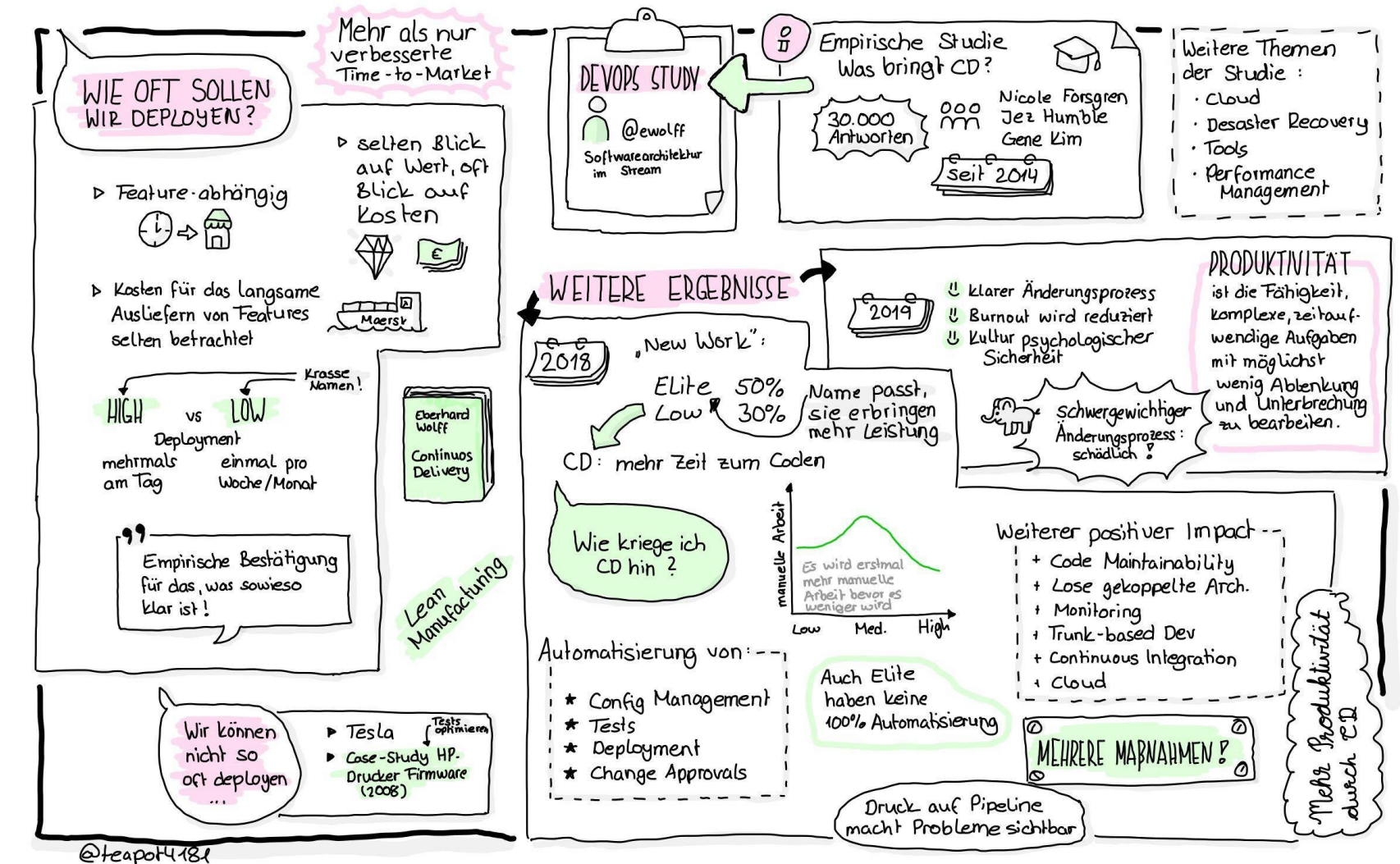
DEVOPS STUDY

@ewolff

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DORA: 4 Key Metrics

- Change lead time
- Deployment frequency
- Change fail percentage
- Failed deployment recovery time

<https://dora.dev/>

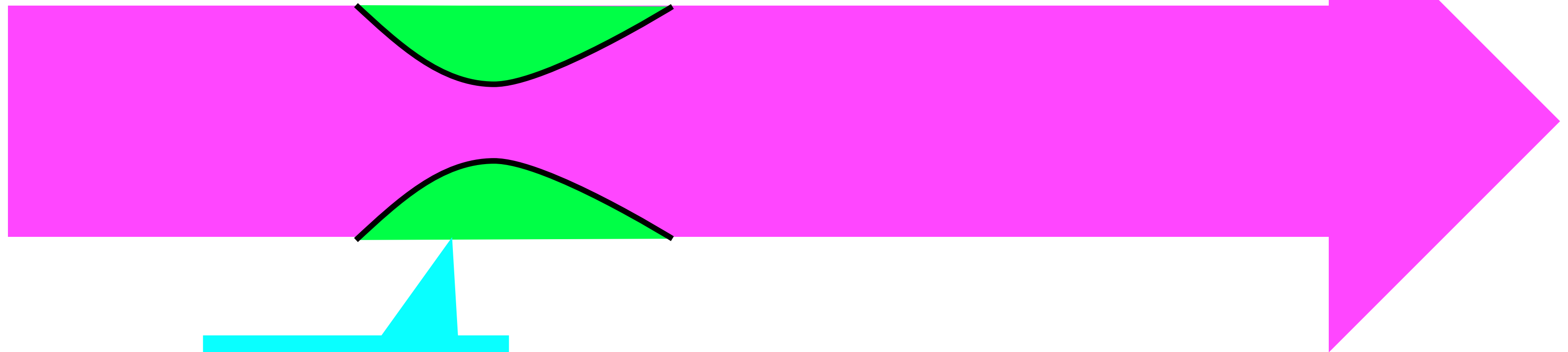
DORA: Lean Optimization

Idea

Production

Increase Speed!

Bottleneck becomes obvious



Testing too
slow!

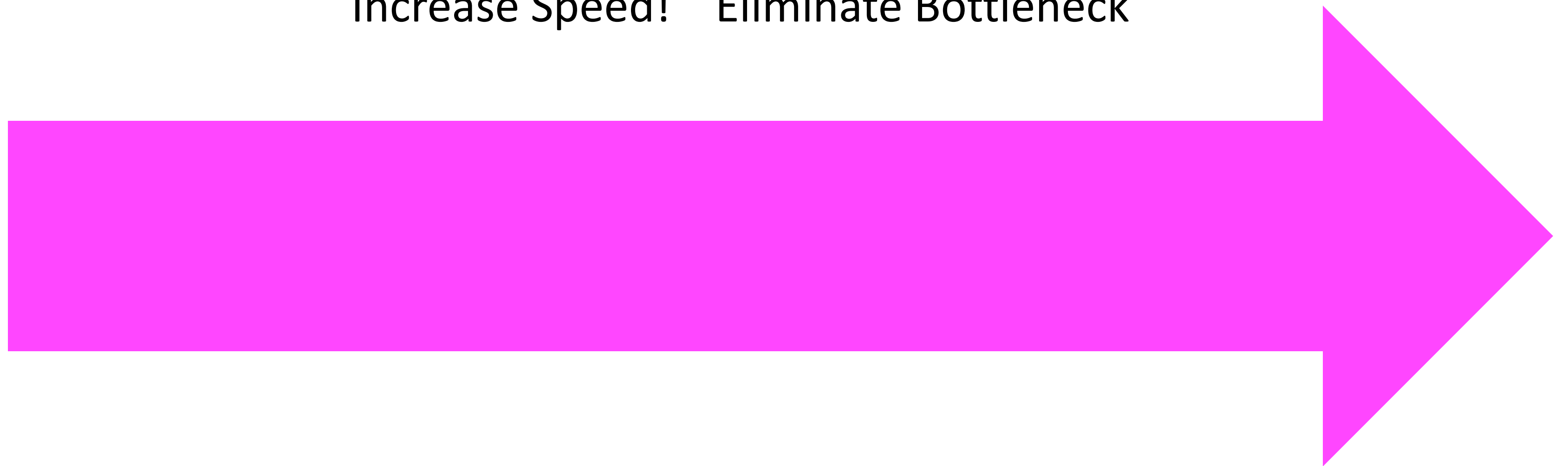
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DORA: Lean Optimization

Idea

Production

Increase Speed! Eliminate Bottleneck



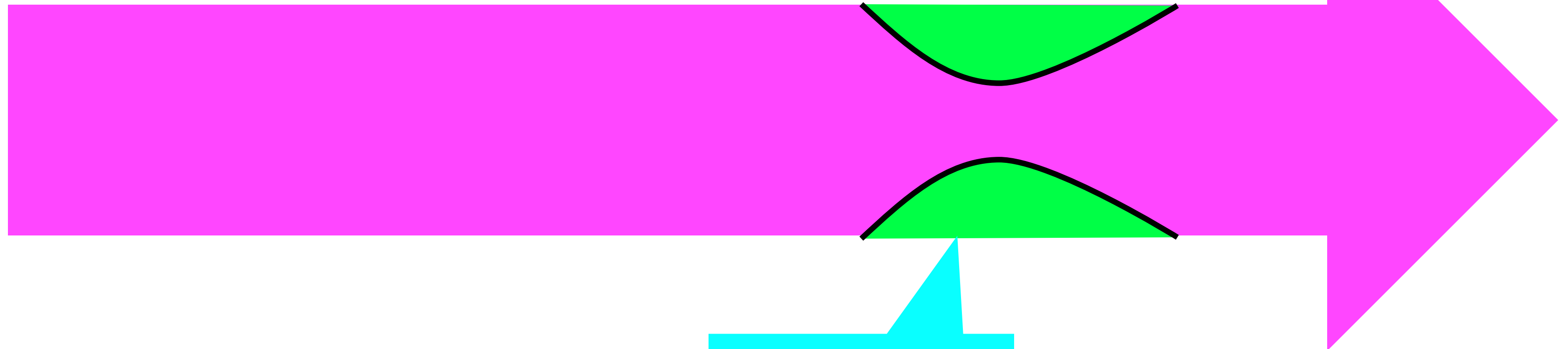
DORA: Lean Optimization

Idea

Production

Increase Speed!

Next Bottleneck
becomes obvious



Deployment
too slow!

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DORA DevOps Study: Results

- Continuous Delivery: more time for new work.
- Continuous Delivery reduces burnout.

...because deployments probably work.

...because you need a culture of psychological safety to actually improve the process.

Trust Your Guts?

- People prefer Continuous Delivery.
- But: Usually “real” benefits are not that clear.
- Even concerning burnout
- If you prefer Continuous Delivery, shouldn't it obviously reduce burnout?

Trust Your Guts?

- I wrote a book about Continuous Delivery
...because that is how I would like to work.
...but I failed to really say so in the book.

**Maybe things we prefer
are actually better?**

How do you measure developer productivity?

Developer Productivity

- Why would you measure developer productivity?
- Might lead to “optimizations” i.e. more pressure.
- Might lead to lay offs.
- But can also point in the right direction.

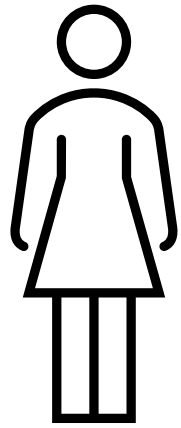
SPACE: Areas

- SPACE: framework to measure developer productivity
- Choose a specific set of metrics to understand a specific problem

SPACE: Matrix of Metrics by Levels & Areas

	Area 1	Area 2	...	
Level 1	Metric	...		
Level 2	...			
...				

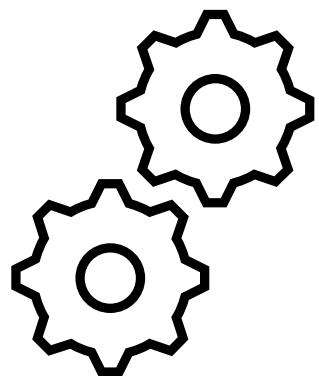
SPACE: Three Levels



Individual / one person



Team or group / people that work together



System

SPACE: Areas

- Performance (Outcome)
Code review velocity
- Activity (Count of actions)
Code review scores

SPACE: Areas

- Satisfaction & Well-Being:
e.g. Developer satisfaction / retention
- Communication & Collaboration
Code review thoughtfulness
- Efficiency & Flow
Productivity perception

SPACE: Recommendations

- Use multiple metrics across various dimensions
- At least 3, but not too many
- At least one perceptual (survey)
- Perceptual metrics are more “precise”
i.e. hard to gamble.

Developer Productivity

- Perceptual i.e. subjective metrics are recommended.
 - I.e. if subjectively something is wrong, probably something is wrong.
- ...and it is reliable because it is hard to gamble

**Well-being is “officially” a
metric for developer
productivity.**

What is the Most Important Skill in IT?

What is the Most Important Skill in IT?

- We asked people at a technical conference.
- Just an experiment
- We did not really think about possible answers.
- By far the most common answer:
communication, soft skill ...



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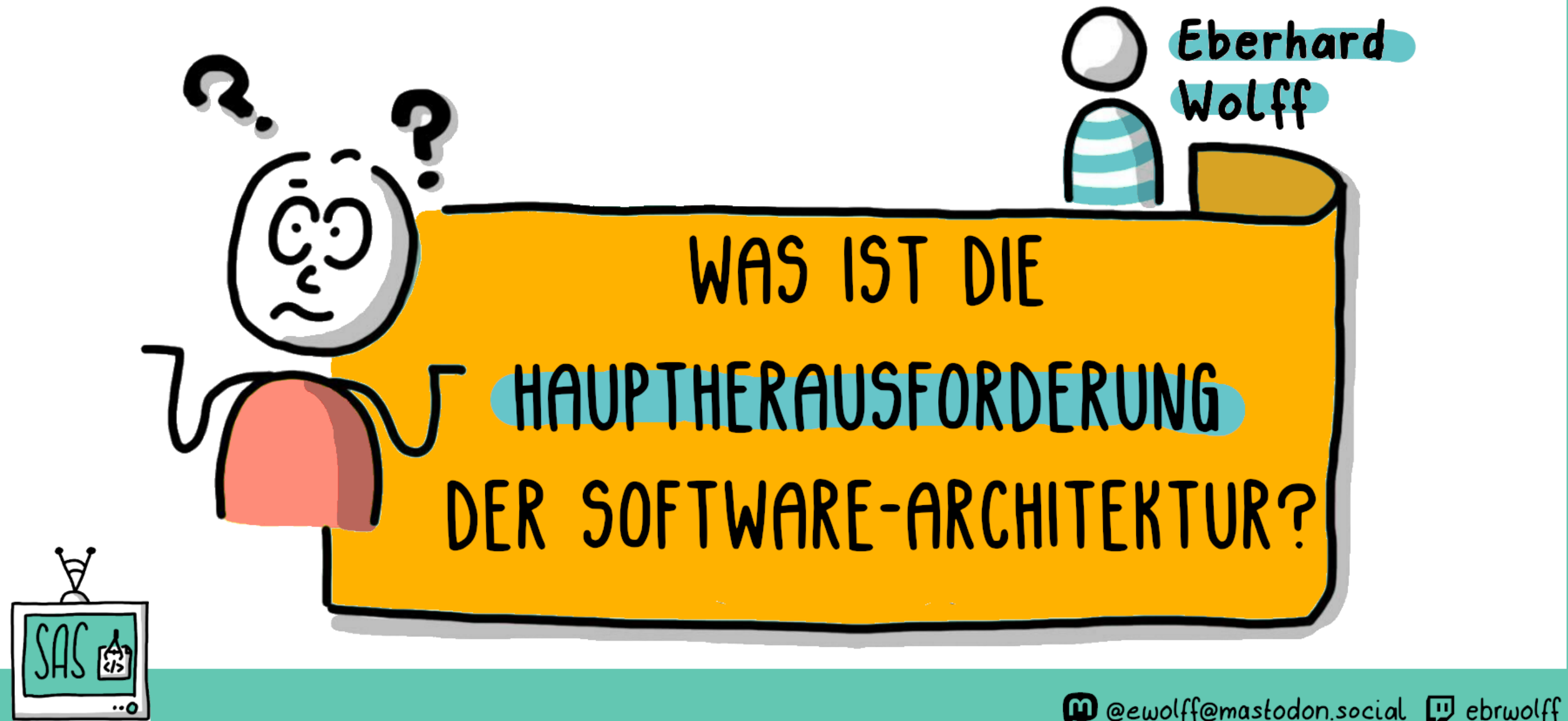
<https://software-architektur.tv/2024/08/16/episode228.html>

What is the Main Challenge in Software Architecture?

- Survey through social media
- What is the biggest challenge in [#SoftwareArchitecture](#) in your opinion?

Main Challenge in Software Architecture?

- Communication
- Organization and architecture
- Evolution of systems



<https://software-architektur.tv/2025/06/27/folge269.html>

What does that mean?

- Most important skill in IT:
Communication
- Main challenge in software architecture:
Rather soft skills
- Why should LLMs / AI improve productivity
massively?

Development: A People Business

- Why is there such a focus on technology then?
- Will communication and collaboration work if we feel uncomfortable?
- We already discussed productivity... 😊

Architecture

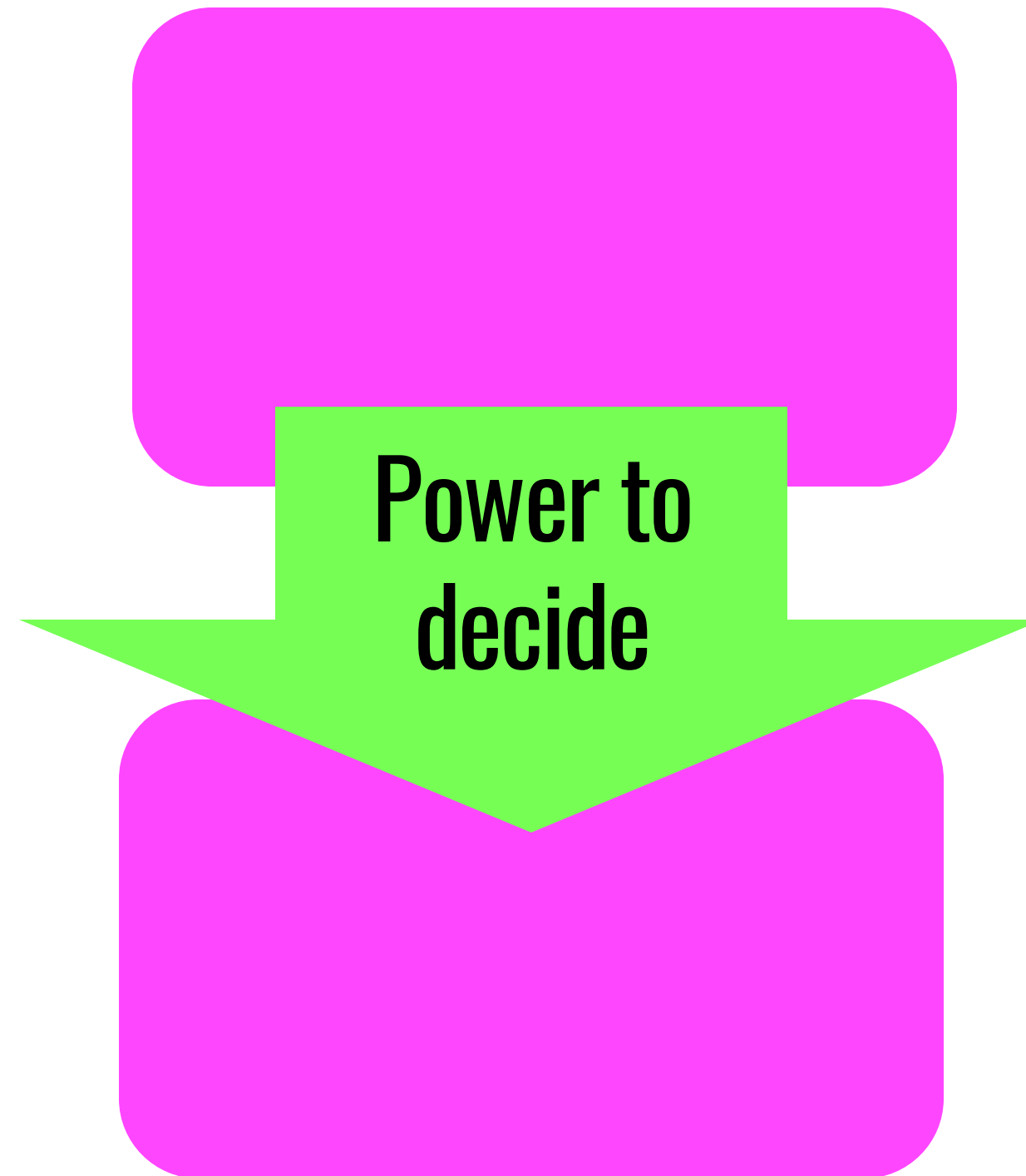
Microservices

- Make it possible to use different languages / frameworks / ... in each microservices.
- Should teams be allowed to choose any technology they like?
- Every team around you uses Typescript. Does that influence your decision which technology to use yourself?

Microservices Technology Choice

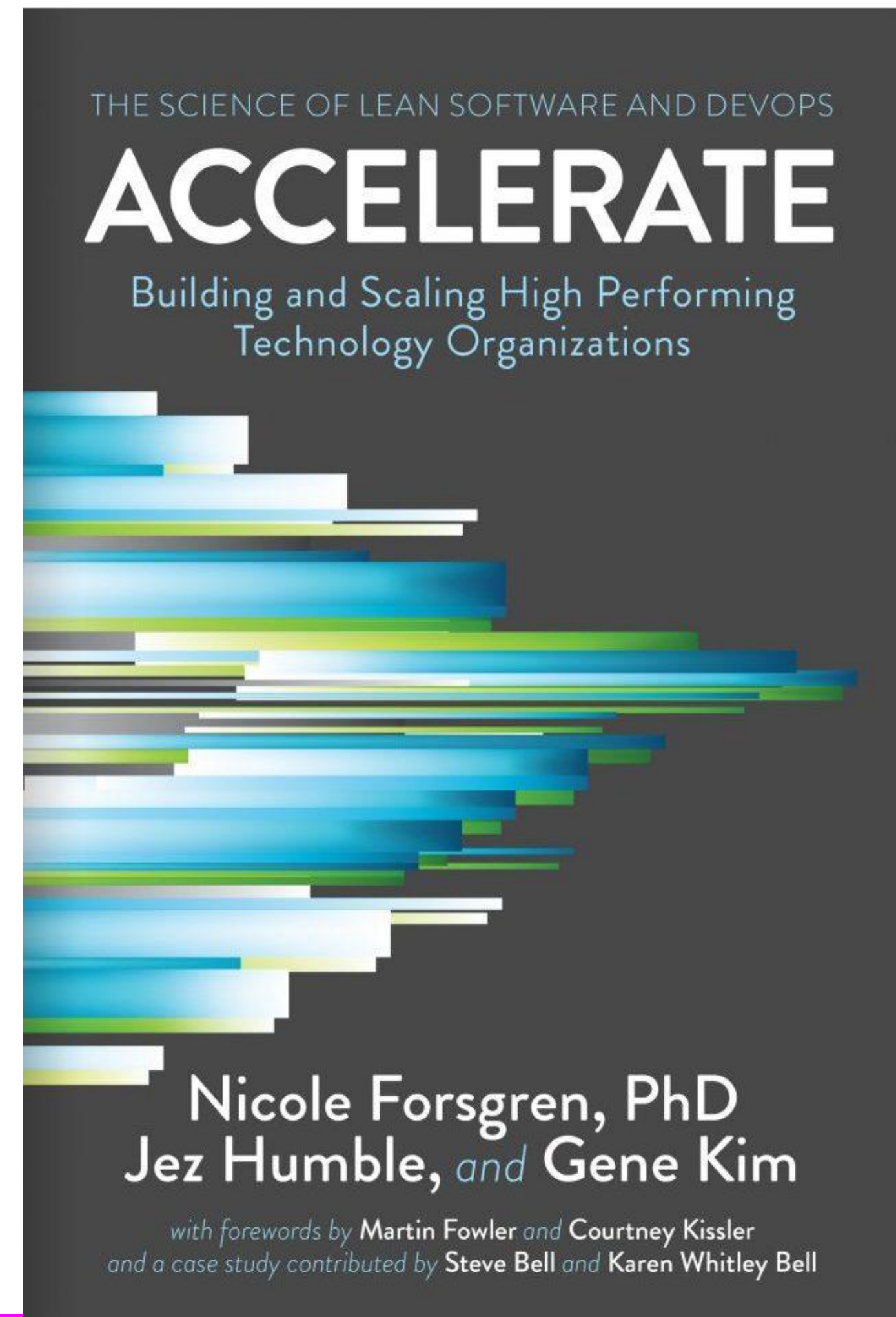
- Usually: best tool for the job vs. standardization
- Standardization means sharing knowledge and make things easier.
- Are teams not aware of this?
- So why not let the teams make the trade-off?

Delegation



**Requires
trust**

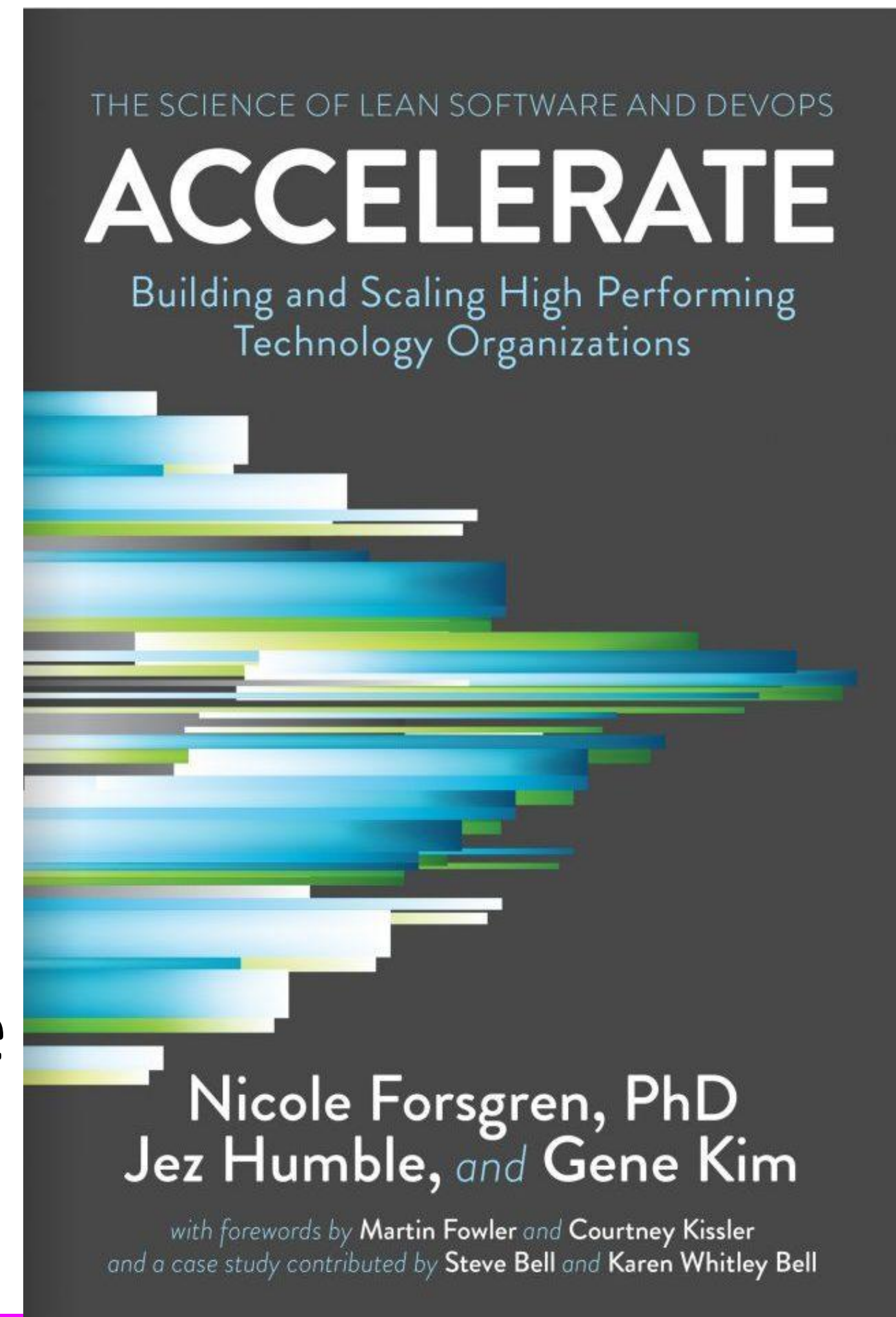
What is important
is enabling teams
to make changes to their
products or services
without depending on other
teams or systems.



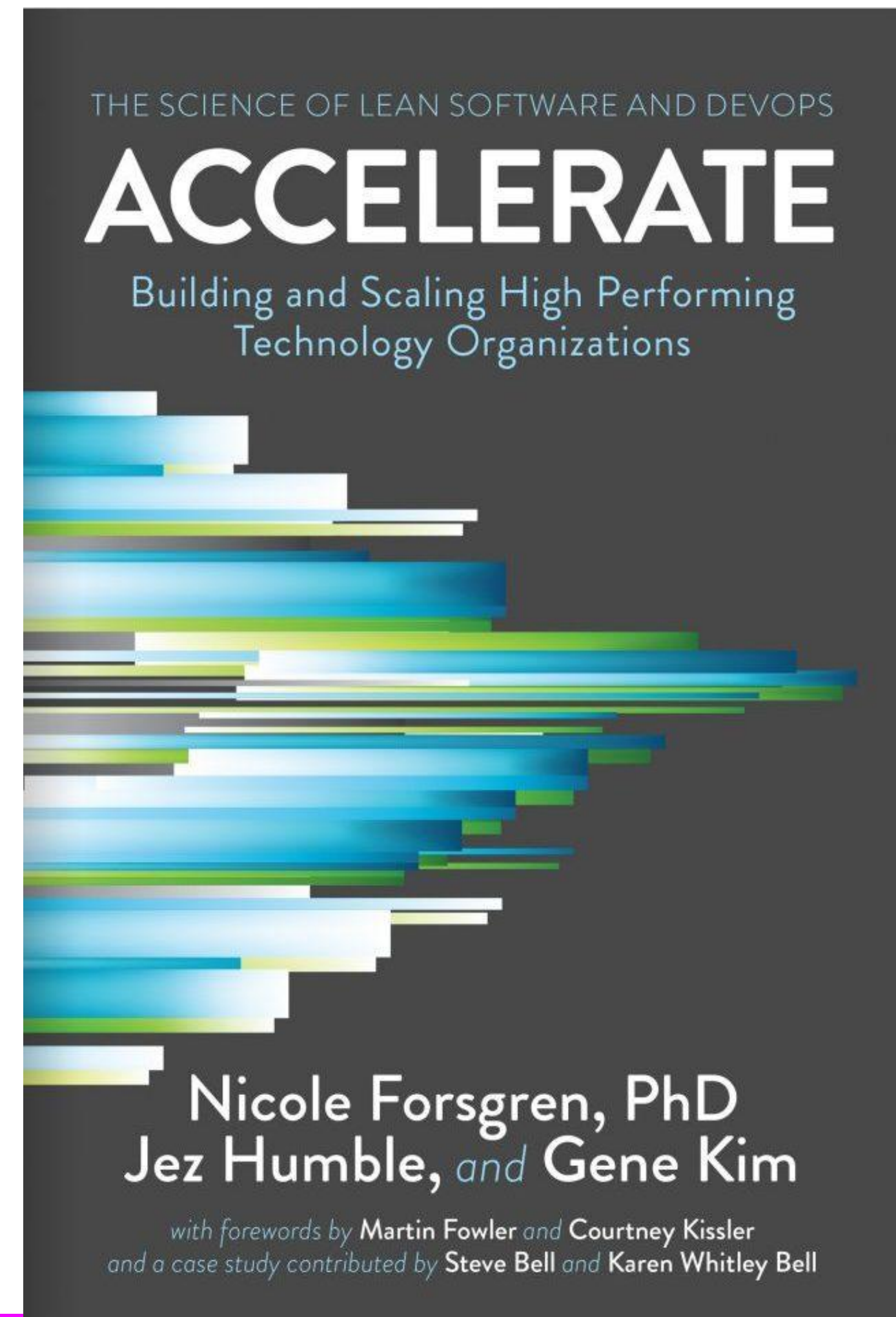
Discussion ... often focus on tools & technologies.

- Should the organization adopt microservices?
- Serverless?
- Kubernetes?
- Mesos?

Our research shows these are the wrong questions to focus on.



... tools [are] ... irrelevant ... if ...
people hate them ...
or ... they don't achieve the
outcomes
and [don't] enable the behaviors
we care about.



**So software development should
be an enjoyable party 🎉 ?**

Trust

- Delegation requires trust.
- Some people you can't trust.
- Then you will need to work differently.
- So it is important to work with the right people.
- But: You have to work with the available people.

Now What?

- Other industries systematically improve collaboration.
- Aviation: Crew Resource Management
- Military: Auftragstaktik (Mission-type tactics)
- Imagine an army commander requesting different people...



<https://software-architektur.tv/2023/10/27/folge187.html>

Exploitation

- It is possible to be successful by exploiting people.
- I.e. an unpleasant place to work can be successful.
- I.e. greed will not lead to better culture.

Conclusion

Conclusion

- Follow your guts more!
- We prefer Continuous Delivery
 - it provides better productivity.
- Measuring developer productivity should include subjective metrics.

Conclusion

- It's a people business – how can you be successful if everyone is uncomfortable?
- Architecture can enable independent decisions – but they must be allowed.
- But maybe you don't trust someone for a good reason.
- ...and exploitation is still successful.

How do we want to develop software?

**But really: What environment
do we want to live in?**

DRINK A VIRTUAL COFFEE WITH ME!



Eberhard Wolff

Head of Architecture

<https://swaglab.rocks/>
<https://ewolff.com/>



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Slides + more

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